SENATE BILL No. 198

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-1; IC 34-11-2-13.

Synopsis: Equivalent jobs and wage discrimination. Provides that an employer may not discriminate against an employee on the basis of sex, race, or national origin by paying a wage less than the wage paid to an employee of another sex, race, or national origin for work in an equivalent job. Requires an employer to keep certain records of wages paid to an employee and to provide certain documentation to the employee, including an annual statement of how the wages were calculated. Requires the department of labor to adopt rules, including specification of certain criteria for determining whether a job is dominated by employees of one sex, a particular race, or a particular national origin. Allows an employee claiming wage discrimination to file a complaint with the civil rights commission. Authorizes a civil action against an employer that fails to comply with certain wage reporting requirements or that takes certain discriminatory actions. Provides for damages against the employer in certain circumstances. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: Upon passage.

Mrvan

January 9, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Pensions and Labor.



Second Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2006)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

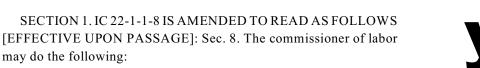
Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2005 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 198

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- (1) Make or cause to be made all necessary inspections to see that all of the laws and rules enacted or adopted for that purpose and that the department is required to enforce are promptly and effectively administered and executed.
- (2) Collect, collate, and publish statistical and other information relating to working conditions in this state and to the enforcement of this chapter and IC 22-1-6 and such rules as may be necessary to the advancement of the purposes of this chapter, but no publicity of any information involving the name or identity of any employer, employee, or other person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation shall be given. It shall be unlawful for the commissioner or any person to divulge, or to make known in any way not provided by law, to any person the operation, style of work, or apparatus of any employer, or the amount or sources of



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1	income, profits, losses, expenditures, or any part thereof obtained
2	by him the commissioner or other person in the discharge of his
3	official duties.
4	(3) Except as otherwise provided by law, employ, promote, and
5	remove clerks, inspectors, and other employees as needed or as
6	the service of the department of labor may require, and with the
7	approval of the governor, within the appropriation therefor,
8	provided, fix their compensation and to assign to them their
9	duties. Employees of the department are covered by IC 4-15-2.
0	(4) Promote the voluntary arbitration, mediation, and conciliation
1	of disputes between employers and employees, for the purpose of
2	avoiding strikes, lockouts, boycotts, blacklists, discrimination,
3	and legal proceedings in matters of employment. The
4	commissioner may appoint temporary boards of arbitration,
5	provide for the payment of the necessary expenses of the boards,
6	order reasonable compensation paid to each member engaged in
7	arbitration, prescribe and adopt rules of procedure for arbitration
8	boards, conduct investigations and hearings, publish reports and
9	advertisements, and do all other things convenient and necessary
20	to accomplish the purpose of this chapter. The commissioner may
21	designate an employee of the department to act as chief mediator
22	and may detail other employees, from time to time, to act as his
23	assistants for the purpose of executing this chapter. Any employee
24	of the department who may act on a temporary board shall serve
25	without extra compensation.
26	SECTION 2. IC 22-1-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
27	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON
28	PASSAGE]:
29	Chapter 6. Wage Discrimination
0	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
51	department of labor created by IC 22-1-1-1.
32	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "employee" means an individual
3	employed by an employer. The term does not include an employee
4	employed by an employer for less than three (3) months.
55	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "employer" means a person
56	employing six (6) or more persons within Indiana. The term does
57	not include a nonprofit corporation or association that is exempt
8	from federal income taxation under Section:
19	(1) 501(c)(3);
10	(2) $501(c)(4)(A)$; or
1	(3) 501(c)(7);



1	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "equivalent jobs" means jobs or	
2	occupations that are:	
3	(1) equal within the meaning of the federal Equal Pay Act of	
4	1963 (29 U.S.C. 206(d)); or	
5	(2) dissimilar but whose qualifications are equivalent, when	
6	viewed as a composite of:	
7	(A) skills;	
8	(B) effort;	
9	(C) responsibility; and	
0	(D) working conditions.	
.1	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "market rate" means the rate	
2	that employers within a prescribed geographic area actually pay	
3	or are reported to pay for specific jobs, as determined by:	
4	(1) formal or informal survey;	
.5	(2) wage study; or	
6	(3) other means.	
7	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "person" means an individual, a	U
8	partnership, an association, an organization, a limited liability	
9	company, a corporation, a labor organization, a cooperative, a	
20	fiduciary trustee, a trustee in bankruptcy, a receiver, the state, a	
21	municipal corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-10), or a legal	
22	representative of any of these persons.	
23	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "wages" means compensation in	
24	a form that an employer provides to an employee in return for	
2.5	work performed or services rendered, including:	
26	(1) base pay;	
27	(2) a bonus;	
28	(3) a commission;	V
29	(4) an award;	
0	(5) tips; or	
31	(6) nonmonetary compensation if:	
32	(A) it is provided instead of or in addition to monetary	
3	compensation; and	
4	(B) it has economic value to the employee.	
55	Sec. 8. An employer may not discriminate among employees on	
66	the basis of sex, race, or national origin by paying wages to	
57	employees:	
8	(1) at a rate or compensation less than the rate or	
19	compensation paid to employees of the opposite sex, a	
10	different race, or a dissimilar national origin for work in an	
1	equivalent job; or	
12	(2) in a job that is dominated by employees of one (1) sex, a	



1	particular race, or a particular national origin, at a rate or
2	compensation less than the rate or compensation at which the
3	employer pays to employees in an equivalent job that is
4	dominated by employees of the opposite sex, a different race,
5	or a dissimilar national origin.
6	Sec. 9. Notwithstanding section 8 of this chapter, an employer
7	may pay different wages to employees if the payments are made
8	under a:
9	(1) seniority or merit system;
10	(2) system that measures earnings by quantity or quality of
11	production; or
12	(3) differential based on any other factor other than sex, race,
13	or national origin.
14	Sec. 10. An employer that pays different wages in violation of
15	section 8 of this chapter may not reduce the wages of an employee
16	to comply with section 8 of this chapter.
17	Sec. 11. A labor organization or an agent of a labor organization
18	representing employees subject to this chapter may not cause or
19	attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against an employee
20	in violation of section 8 of this chapter.
21	Sec. 12. The department shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
22	implement this chapter. The rules must include criteria for
23	determining whether a job is dominated by employees of one (1)
24	sex, a particular race, or a particular national origin. The criteria
25	for determination must include:
26	(1) whether the job has been formally classified or
27	traditionally considered to be performed by:
28	(A) a man or a woman; and
29	(B) a Caucasian or a member of a minority race;
30	(2) whether there is a history of discrimination against women
31	or individuals of a particular race or a particular national
32	origin regarding wages, assignment, or access to jobs, or other
33	terms or conditions of employment;
34	(3) the demographic composition of the workforce in
35	equivalent jobs; and
36	(4) a determination of the geographic area used in
37	determining market rates.
38	The rules must provide a time frame for retention of records by the
39	employer concerning the wages paid to a specific employee and the
40	method, system, calculations, and bases used to establish, adjust,
41	and determine the wages paid to the employees of the employer.

The rules must provide for protection of the privacy of employees



1	and must require that reports not include the names of employees
2	or other identifying information.
3	Sec. 13. (a) Upon commencement of an employee's employment
4	and at least annually thereafter, an employer shall provide to the
5	employee a written statement informing the employee of the job
6	title of the employee, the employee's wage, and how the employee's
7	wage is calculated.
8	(b) An employer shall make and preserve records, as required
9	by rules adopted under section 12 of this chapter, that document
0	the wages paid to employees and support the method, system,
.1	calculations, and bases used to establish, adjust, and determine the
2	wage rates paid to employees.
3	(c) An employer shall preserve the records for the period
4	required by rules adopted under section 12 of this chapter and
5	shall make reports from the records as requested by the
6	department.
7	Sec. 14. The department may use the information and data from
8	reports submitted under section 13(c) of this chapter for statistical
9	and research purposes, subject to IC 22-1-1-8(2).
20	Sec. 15. It is an unfair employment practice for an employer to:
21	(1) take adverse action or otherwise discriminate against an
22	individual because the indivdual:
23	(A) has opposed an act or practice made unlawful by this
24	chapter;
25	(B) has sought to enforce rights protected under this
26	chapter; or
27	(C) has testified, assisted, or participated in an
28	investigation, a hearing, or another proceeding to enforce
29	this chapter; or
0	(2) discharge, discriminate against, coerce, intimidate,
31	threaten, or interfere with an employee or another person
32	because:
3	(A) the employee inquired about, disclosed, compared, or
34	discussed the employee's wages or the wages of another
55	employee; or
6	(B) the employee exercised, aided, or encouraged another
37	person to exercise a right granted or protected by this
8	chapter.
9	Sec. 16. An aggrieved person may file a complaint with the civil
10	rights commission under IC 22-9-1-6(e) if the person alleges a
1	discriminatory practice under section 8, 10, or 11 of this chapter.
12	The civil rights commission shall determine whether the complaint



1	requires action to be taken under IC 22-9-1-6.
2	Sec. 17. (a) An aggrieved person alleging a violation of section
3	13(a), 15(1), or 15(2) of this chapter may file a civil action in a
4	circuit or superior court in the county where the violation is
5	alleged to have occurred.
6	(b) The department may file a civil action in a circuit or
7	superior court in the county where a violation of section 13(b) or
8	13(c) of this chapter is alleged to have occurred.
9	(c) If the court finds against an employer in an action under this
10	chapter, the court shall award the individual or the department
11	reasonable compensatory and punitive damages if appropriate,
12	reasonable attorney's fees, appropriate expert witness fees, interest
13	on unpaid wages at the legal rate of interest, and costs of the
14	action.
15	(d) If in an action under this chapter, the court finds against the
16	employer for a violation of section 13(a), 13(b), or 13(c) of this
17	chapter but within its ruling makes a finding that:
18	(1) no substantive violation of underlying law has been found;
19	and
20	(2) the violation is the initial violation of section 13 of this
21	chapter by the employer;
22	the court may not award any damages or any penalties to the
23	prevailing party.
24	(e) A civil action under this chapter must be filed not later than
25	two (2) years after the date of the last event constituting the alleged
26	violation for which the action is brought.
27	(f) The procedures and requirements for an appeal under
28	IC 22-9-8 apply to this chapter.
29	SECTION 3. IC 34-11-2-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
30	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13. A civil action under IC 22-1-6 for a
32	violation of wage discrimination laws must be commenced not later
33	than two (2) years after the date of the last event constituting the
34	alleged violation in accordance with IC 22-1-6-17(e).
35	SECTION 4. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a)
36	Notwithstanding IC 22-1-6-12, as added by this act, the department
37	of labor shall carry out the duties imposed upon it under
38	IC 22-1-6-12, as added by this act, under interim written guidelines
39	approved by the commissioner of labor.
40	(b) This SECTION expires on the earlier of the following:
41	(1) The date rules are adopted under IC 22-1-6-12, as added
42	by this act.



- 1 (2) December 31, 2007.
- 2 SECTION 5. An emergency is declared for this act.

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